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electrical connection pads disposed on said chip;

at least one first insulating layer disposed on said chip such that said electrical connection pads are free of said first insulating layer on at least one surface;

interconnects running on said first insulating layer and in each case lead from said electrical connection pads to base regions;

a second insulating layer disposed on said interconnects and on said first insulating layer, said second insulating layer having a thickness, said second insulating layer having openings formed therein leading to said base regions;

a conductive material with an elasticity, introduced into each of said openings;

small balls disposed on said conductive material in a region of a free end of each of said openings, said small balls having an elasticity and being metallic at least on an outside; and

said thickness of said second insulating layer, said elasticity of said conductive material, and said elasticity of said small balls resulting in a desired mechanical decoupling from a printed circuit board upon the semiconductor component being soldered onto the printed circuit board.

T-678 P03/13 U-254

claim 3 (thrice amended). A method for producing semiconductor devices in a chip format, which comprises:

providing chips;

placing electrical connection pads on the chips;

applying at least one first insulating layer to at least one sunface of the chips such that the electrical connection pads are left at least partially uncovered by the first insulating layer;

producing interconnects on the at least one first insulating layer the interconnects leading to base regions of external connection elements;

applying a second insulating layer on the interconnects and on the at least one first insulating layer, the second insulating layer having a thickness;

forming openings in the second insulating layer above the base regions and leading to the base regions;

introducing a conductive material with an elasticity into the openings;

placing small balls onto the conductive material in a region of a free end of each of the openings, said small balls having an elasticity and being metallic at least on an outside; and

selecting the thickness of said second insulating layer, the elasticity of the conductive material, and the elasticity of the small balls to obtain a desired mechanical decoupling from a printed circuit board upon the semiconductor component being soldered onto the printed circuit board.